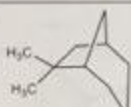
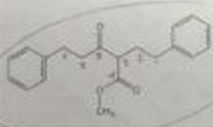
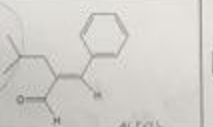
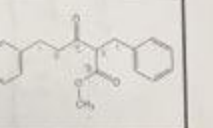
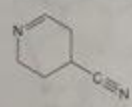
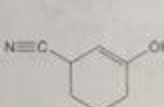
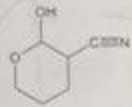
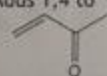

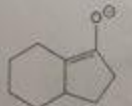
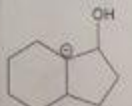

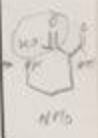
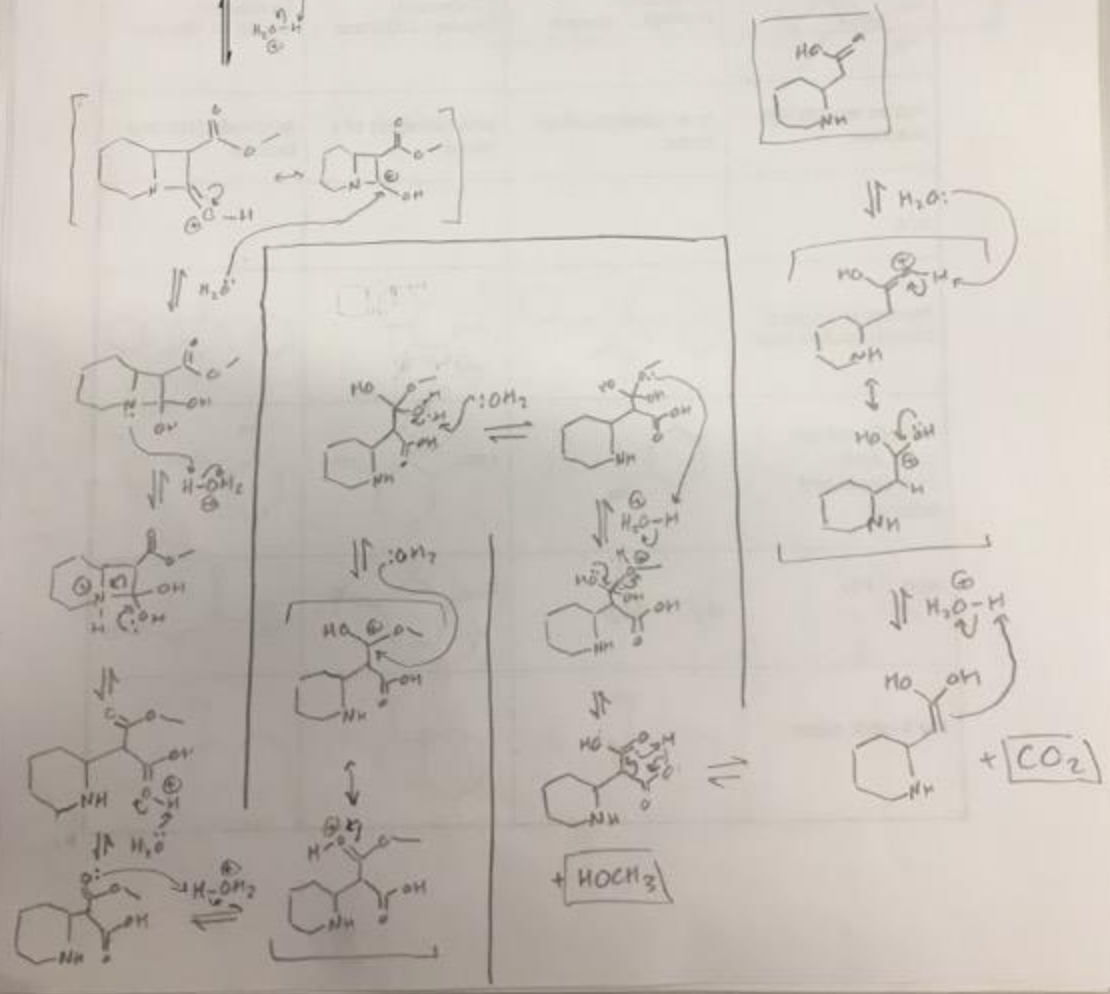
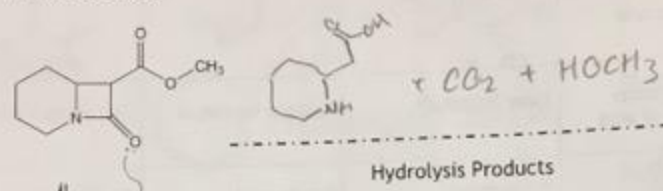


1. (10 Pts) Circle the best answer for each question below

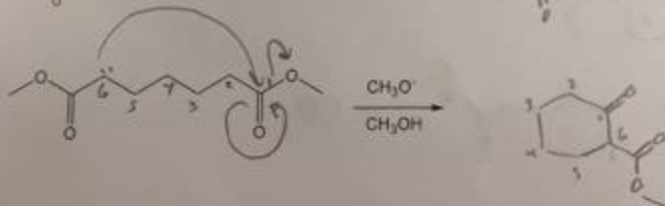
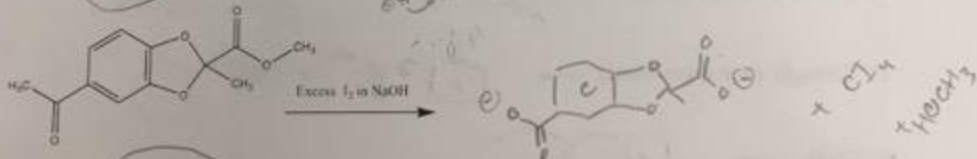
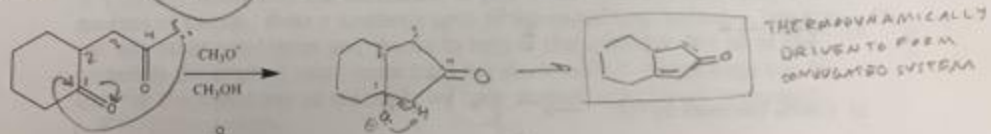
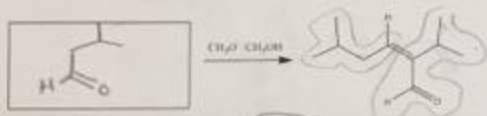
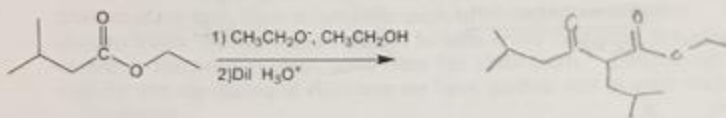
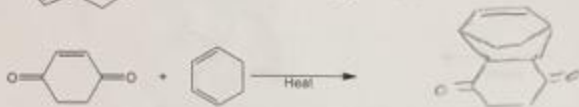
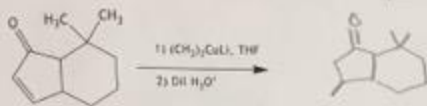
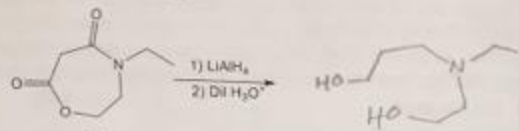
weakest acid	<chem>HF</chem>	HI	HCl
Weakest Acid	<chem>FC(=O)O</chem>	<chem>IC(=O)O</chem>	<chem>ClC(=O)O</chem>
Requires a molar equivalent of acid	Ester hydrolysis	Lactone hydrolysis	Lactam hydrolysis
	7,7-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]octane	2,2-dimethyl-bicyclo[1.2.3]octane	6,6-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]octane
Not an equilibrium reaction	Acid hydrolysis of an acetal	Acid hydrolysis of a nitrile	Acid hydrolysis of a lactone
N/A			
Product of a crossed Claisen condensation			
Decarboxylates upon acid hydrolysis and heating			
Adds 1,4 to 	<chem>H3C-MgI</chem>		<chem>H2C=C(O)OCH3</chem>
The kinetic anion			



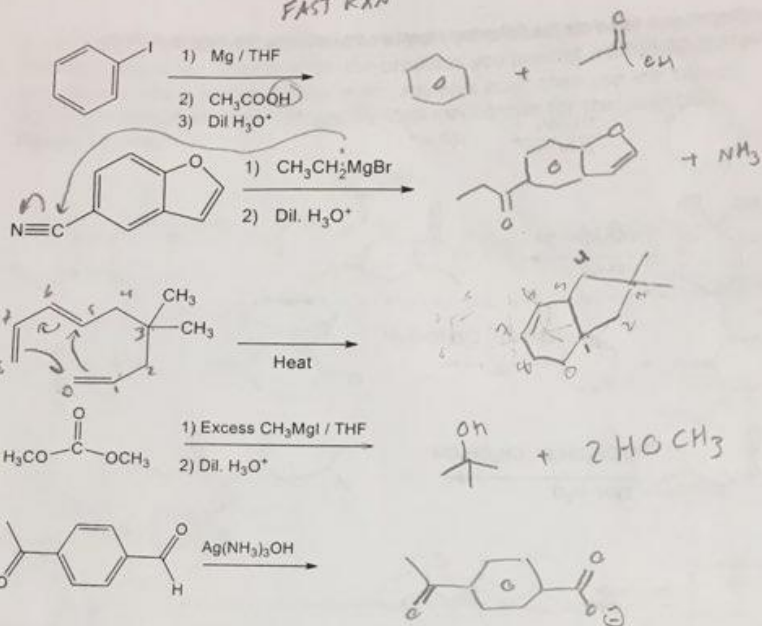
2. (20 Pts) Beta lactams are found in important antibiotics such as penicillin and cephalosporin. Please write the products you predict from exhaustive hydrolysis of the β -lactam below in hot aqueous acid; then use the curved arrow convention to show the step by step mechanism for that reaction. Please be neat!



3. (10 pts) Please complete the following equations by supplying the missing products, reactants or conditions:

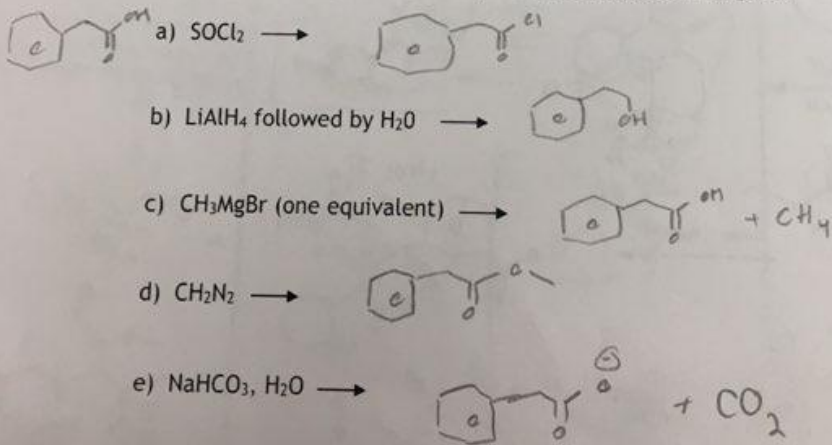


FAST RXN



4. N/A

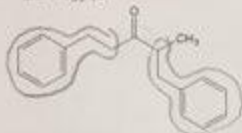
5. (10 Pts) Homework problem 17.32 Give the expected organic products when phenylacetic acid, PhCH2COOH, is treated with each reagent:



ALL ON OTHER SHEET

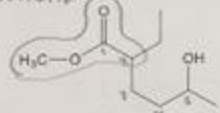
6. (10 pts) Using only the substances in your stock room (on cover page) as sources of carbon, show a synthetic path to the compounds below. You may use any other substances you choose to help in the synthesis, but all of the carbon in the product must come from the stock room. I encourage you to look for the signatures of reactions we have studied and to work backwards.

CLAISEN



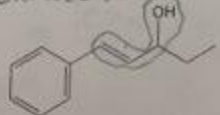
7. (10 pts) Using only the substances in your stock room (on cover page) as sources of carbon, show a synthetic path to the compounds below. You may use any other substances you choose to help in the synthesis, but all of the carbon in the product must come from the stock room. I encourage you to look for the signatures of reactions we have studied and to work backwards.

MICHAEL

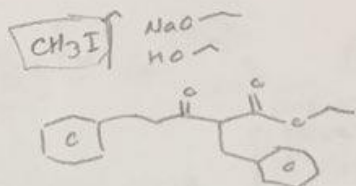
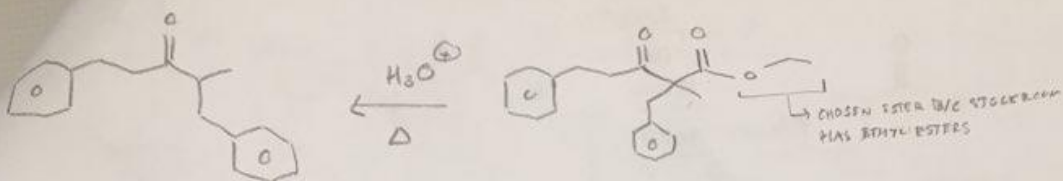


8. (10 pts) Using only the substances in your stock room (on cover page) as sources of carbon, show a synthetic path to the compounds below. You may use any other substances you choose to help in the synthesis, but all of the carbon in the product must come from the stock room. I encourage you to look for the signatures of reactions we have studied and to work backwards.

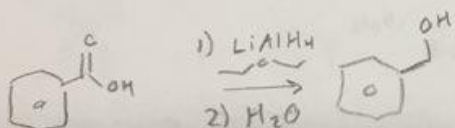
CROSSED ALDEY



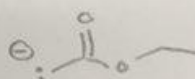
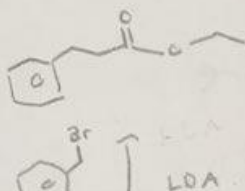
SYNTHESIS I



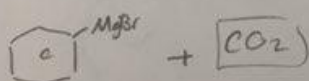
1) NaO
 HO
 2) Dil. ACID



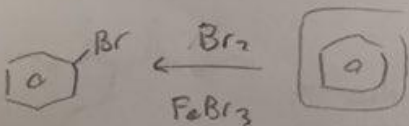
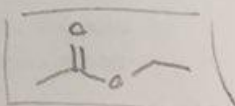
1) THF
 2) Dil. ACID



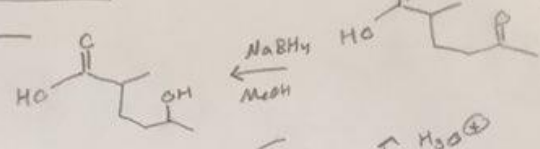
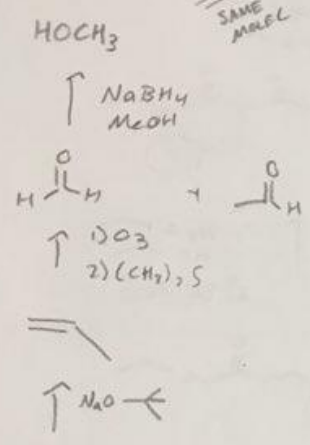
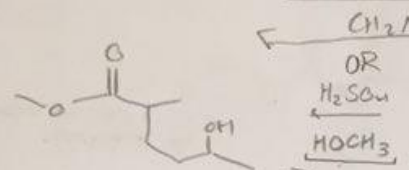
↑ LDA



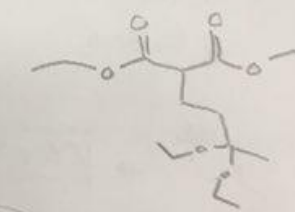
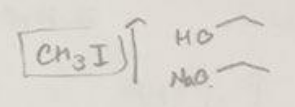
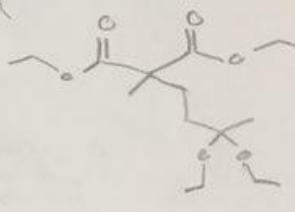
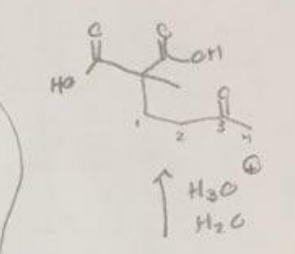
↑ Mg/THF



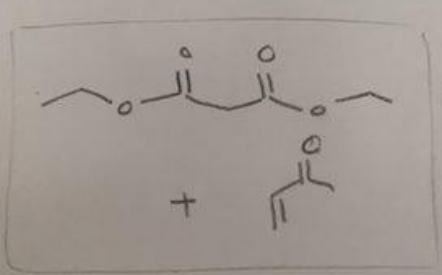
SYNTHESIS 2



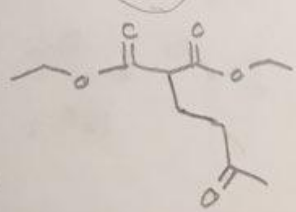
CAN BE DONE IN 1 STEP



MADE HO THE PROTECTING GROUP INSTEAD OF HO OH TO AVOID FISCHER ESTERIFICATION OF ESTERS

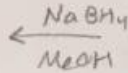


1) NaO
2) Dil ACID

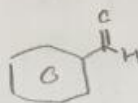


DMF
NASS solution
FILTER PAPER
PAPER

SYNTHESIS 3



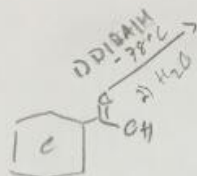
LDA IN EXCESS



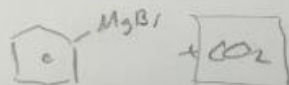
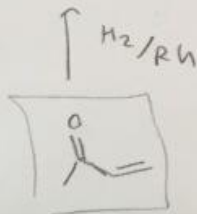
+



TO GET
KINETIC
ANION
(SEE HW 1 Q2)



1) THF
2) DIL ACID



↑ THF
Mg

